

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 11/10/2020 Revision date: 1/8/2024 Supersedes version of: 11/28/2023 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Modesta BC-09 - Hi-PHPS Coating

UFI : EXS3-1MJ1-R80X-E797

Product code : 00299
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Professional use Industrial/Professional use spec : For professional use only

Use of the substance/mixture : Automotive and aerospace coatings

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Modesta Japan Ltd 1580-1 Tahishimomachi

JP 761-8075 Takamatsushi, Kagawaken

Japan

www.modesta.co

Distributor

Huntsmiths Detailing Unit 8C, Boundary Road

Brackley

GB NN13 7ES Northamptonshire

T +441280703163

info@huntsmiths.co.uk, www.huntsmiths.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

No additional information available

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flammable liquids, Category 2 H225
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B H340
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B H350
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1 H372
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, H411

Category 2

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May cause cancer. May cause genetic defects. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)







GHS02 G

GHS08

GHS09

Signal word (CLP) : Danger

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Contains

: Petroleum; solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C

(284°F to 428°F).]

Hazard statements (CLP) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H340 - May cause genetic defects (oral).

H350 - May cause cancer (oral).

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours, mist.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in

accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Petroleum substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (PL); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 64742-48-9 EC-No.: 265-150-3 EC Index-No.: 649-327-00-6	50 – 75	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).]	CAS-No.: 64742-88-7 EC-No.: 265-191-7 EC Index-No.: 649-405-00-X	10 – 30	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT RE 1, H372
Xylene substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE, GB, NL, PL, SI, SK)	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7 EC-No.: 215-535-7 EC Index-No.: 601-022-00-9	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Octane substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (PL)	CAS-No.: 111-65-9 EC-No.: 203-892-1 EC Index-No.: 601-009-00-8	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane	CAS-No.: 999-97-3 EC-No.: 213-668-5	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Naphthalene substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE, NL, PL, SK)	CAS-No.: 91-20-3 EC-No.: 202-049-5 EC Index-No.: 601-052-00-2	0.1 – 0.5	Carc. 2, H351 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Although no appropriate human or animal health effects data are known to exist, this

material is expected to be an inhalation hazard.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : None under normal conditions. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : None under normal conditions. Symptoms/effects after ingestion : None under normal conditions.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper

protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with

suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry

into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or

public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

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Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit

quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other

surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place away from heat. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep

container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store in

a well-ventilated place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly

closed. Store locked up.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids. Oxidizing agent.

Storage temperature : 22 °C

Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Xylene	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	220 mg/m³ o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers	
	50 ppm o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	441 mg/m³ o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers	
	100 ppm o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers	
Remark	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)	
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE	
United Kingdom - Biological limit values		
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	
BMGV	650 mmol/mol Creatinine Parameter: methyl hippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: Post shift	
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

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Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):









Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Eye protection			
Туре	Field of application	Characteristics	Standard
Safety glasses		With side shields	EN 166

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Skin and body protection	
Туре	Standard
	EN ISO 6529, EN ISO 20345

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Hand protection					
Туре	Material	Permeation	Thickness (mm)	Penetration	Standard
Disposable gloves	Nitrile rubber (NBR), Chloroprene rubber (CR)	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,4-0,7		EN 374-2, EN ISO 374, EN ISO 374-1

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Respiratory protection			
Device	Filter type	Condition	Standard
Air-Purifying Respirator (APR), disposable		Short term exposure	

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Colour : Colourless.
Odour : Not available
Odour threshold : Not available

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Melting point : Not available
Freezing point : Not available
Boiling point : 165 °C

Flammability : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower explosion limit : Not available
Upper explosion limit : Not available
Flash point : 20.6 °C
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available
Decomposition temperature : Not available
pH : Not available
Viscosity, kinematic : Not available

Solubility : Not miscible. Soluble in organic solvents.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : Not available Vapour pressure : Not available Vapour pressure at 50°C : Not available Density : Not available Relative density : Not available

Relative vapour density at 20°C : 0.8

Particle characteristics : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Petroleum (64742-48-9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/l Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg Source: IUCLID

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Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (oral).	Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 dermal rabbit 12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit. Animal sex: male LD50 dermal 1700 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 27.57 mg/l4h Octane (111-65-9) LD50 oral rat 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity) Coxideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity) Coxideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity) Coxideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1200 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) Coxideline: CPCD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Coxideline: CPCD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Coxideline: CPCD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Coxideline: CPCD Guideline 404 (Acute Oral Toxicity) Coxideline: CPCD Guideline 405 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Coxideline: CPCD Guideline: CPCD Guideline	LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 dermal 1700 mg/kg Cctane (111-65-9) D50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity). Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity). Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1200 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1200 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1200 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Solution - Rat > 24.88 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Solution - Rat > 24.88 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.89 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.89 mg/l source: ECHA Solution - Rat (Vapours) > 24.89 mg/l source: ECHA > 2000 ku/kg Animal: rat. Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) 1.050 dermal rabbit 2500 pg/kg Source: ChemiDplus 2500 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg 250	LD50 oral	3600 mg/kg
C50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 27.57 mg/l/4h	LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
Octane (111-65-9) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat. Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity). Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1200 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: ratb, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 24.88 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity). LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l Source: ECHA Naphthalene (91-20-3) 1.050 oral rat LD50 oral rat 2500 µg/kg Source: ChemIDplus LD50 dermal rabbit 2500 µg/kg Source: ChemIDplus LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 24.48 mg/l air Animal: rat. Guideline: OECD Guideline: OECD Guideline: 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity). LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 24.74 mg/l air Animal: rat. Guideline: CHEPA TSCA, Guideline: OECD Guideline: 403 (Acute Inhalation toxicity). 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3) 1.14,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3) LD50 oral rat 851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity). LD50 dermal rabbit 547 - 599 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). LD50 dermal rabbit 547 - 599 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, G	LD50 dermal	1700 mg/kg
D50 oral rat	LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	27.57 mg/l/4h
Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Octane (111-65-9)	
Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1200 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) LD50 oral rat 2000 ku/kg Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral rat 2500 g/kg 2500 g/	LD50 oral rat	,
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) > 24.88 mg/l Source: ECHA Naphthalene (91-20-3) LD50 oral rat \$ 2000 ku/kg Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral 490 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 2500 µg/kg Source: ChemlDplus LC50 Inhalation - Rat \$ 204 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: other: EPA TSCA, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute Inhalation toxicity) 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3) LD50 oral rat 851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral 774 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 547 - 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal 454 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (potroleum), medium allph.; Stralght run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F), [64742-88-7) LD50 dermal rabbit \$ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline 404 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity). Guideline: OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Guideline: OECD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity). Six out of CCD Guideline: CPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal T	LD50 dermal rabbit	
Naphthalone (91-20-3) LD50 oral	LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 24.88 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
LD50 oral rat 2 2000 ku/kg Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral	LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 24.88 mg/l Source: ECHA
LD50 oral 490 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 2500 μg/kg Source: ChemIDplus LD50 dermal 2500 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat 2500 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral rat 851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 dermal rabbit 547 - 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal 547 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boilling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) - 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) - 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1170 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 59% CI: 0.42 - 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), 69% CI: 0.42 - 6000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 69% CI: 0.42 - 6000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 69% CI: 0.42 - 6000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: CECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 69% CI: 0.42 - 6000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideli	Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 dermal rabbit LD50 dermal 2500 μg/kg Source: ChemiDplus LD50 dermal 2500 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 0.4 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: other:EPA TSCA, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute Inhalation toxicity) 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3) LD50 oral rat 851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral 774 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 547 – 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal 647 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity) - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0.42 - \$2.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: O	LD50 oral rat	≥ 2000 ku/kg Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal LD50 dermal LD50 thalation - Rat Solvent aphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F.) (64742-88-7) LD50 dermal arabbit Solven arat Solven ara service of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F.) (64742-88-7) LD50 dermal rabbit Solven arat Solven arat Solven aratic Solve	LD50 oral	490 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat 2	LD50 dermal rabbit	2500 μg/kg Source: ChemIDplus
(Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute inhalation toxicity) 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3) LD50 oral rat 851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral 174 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 547 - 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal 547 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: ratbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0.42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation 3 Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity 3 May cause genetic defects (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 dermal	2500 mg/kg
LD50 oral rat 851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) LD50 oral 774 mg/kg 547 – 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal 547 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat	
LD50 oral LD50 dermal rabbit Dermal Toxicity) 547 — 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal LD50 dermal LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rath, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% C1: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3)	
LD50 dermal rabbit Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal S47 – 589 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) 12.3 mg/l/4h LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0.42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 oral rat	851 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Dermal Toxicity) LD50 dermal 547 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 oral	774 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours) 12.3 mg/l/4h solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0.42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 dermal rabbit	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of 29 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 dermal	547 mg/kg
from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation Respiratory or skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	12.3 mg/l/4h
Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method) LD50 dermal rabbit 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) LC50 Inhalation - Rat 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	from the distillation of crude oil or natural gas numbers predominantly in the range of C9 th	soline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon
Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) > 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 oral rat	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
95% CL: 0,42 - Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 dermal rabbit	
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (oral). Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (oral). Xylene (1330-20-7)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Not classified Not classified May cause genetic defects (oral).
IARC group 3 - Not classifiable	Xylene (1330-20-7)	
	IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

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according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F1)	450 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	120 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
from the distillation of crude oil or natural gas	Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained soline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon rough C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male	
STOT-single exposure :	Not classified	
Octane (111-65-9)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT-repeated exposure :	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)	
Octane (111-65-9)		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	24.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	400 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)	
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0.011 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OPP 82-4 (90-Day Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)	
1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3)		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	2.64 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study), Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7)		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	≥ 0.024 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

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Aspiration hazard : Not classified Petroleum (64742-48-9)

Viscosity, kinematic < 1 mm²/s Temp.: 'other:37.8°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)' Octane (111-65-9) Viscosity, kinematic 0.801 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)' 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3)

Viscosity, kinematic 0.9 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Not classified

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(chronic)

2200 mg/l Source: IUCLID
2.6 mg/l Source: IUCLID
2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
0.799 mg/l
3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
0.407 mg/l
2.587 mg/l Source: QSAR, ECHA
0.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
0.32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
0.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
0.028 mg/l
0.77 mg/l
2.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
0.59 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia pulex Duration: '125 d'
≈ 0.37 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus kisutch Duration: '40 d'

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1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	88 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	80 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	50 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	19 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
ErC50 algae	50 mg/l	
NOEC chronic fish	0.014 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '73 d'	
NOEC chronic algae	2.7 mg/l	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	0.14 mg/l Source: EPISUITE	
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	0.277 mg/l Source: EPISUITE	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Modesta BC-09 - Hi-PHPS Coating		
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable	
Petroleum (64742-48-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable	

Modesta BC-09 - Hi-PHPS Coating			
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable		
Petroleum (64742-48-9)	Petroleum (64742-48-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable		
Xylene (1330-20-7)			
Persistence and degradability Not rapidly degradable			
Octane (111-65-9)			
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable		
Naphthalene (91-20-3)			
Persistence and degradability Not rapidly degradable			
1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3)			
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable		
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).1 (64742-88-7)			

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Petroleum (64742-48-9)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 2.1 – 6 Source: IUCLID		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.15 Source: HSDB	

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Octane (111-65-9)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 5.18 Source: HSDB		
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 3.3 Source: HSBD		
1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane (999-97-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 2.62 Source: National Institute of Technology and Evaluation		
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).] (64742-88-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 3.3 – 6 Source: IUCLID		

12.4. Mobility in soil

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Mobility in soil	537 Source: ECHA

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID n	14.1. UN number or ID number			
UN 1263	UN 1263	UN 1263	UN 1263	UN 1263
14.2. UN proper shippin	14.2. UN proper shipping name			
PAINT	PAINT	Paint	PAINT	PAINT
Transport document description				
UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II, (D/E), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, III, MARINE POLLUTANT/ENVIRONME NTALLY HAZARDOUS	UN 1263 Paint, 3, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

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ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.3. Transport hazard o	class(es)			
3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3
14.4. Packing group	14.4. Packing group			
II	III	II	II	II
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes EmS-No. (Fire): F-E EmS-No. (Spillage): S-E	Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes
No supplementary information available				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Limited quantities (ADR) : 5I
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E2
Transport category (ADR) : 2
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 3
Orange plates :

33 1263

Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : D/E

Transport by sea

Special provisions (IMDG) : 163, 223, 367, 955

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001, LP01

Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1

IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03

Tank instructions (IMDG) : T2

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP29

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.

MFAG-No : 127

Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L

Special provisions (IATA) : A3, A72, A192 ERG code (IATA) : 3L

Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN) : F1
Special provisions (ADN) : 163, 367, 640D, 650

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Limited quantities (ADN) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (ADN) : E2

Equipment required (ADN) : PP, EX, A

Ventilation (ADN) : VE01

Number of blue cones/lights (ADN) : 1

Rail transport

Classification code (RID) : F1

Special provisions (RID) : 163, 367, 640D, 650

Limited quantities (RID) : 5L Excepted quantities (RID) : E2

Packing instructions (RID) : P001, IBC02, R001

Special packing provisions (RID) : PP1
Mixed packing provisions (RID) : MP19
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (RID) : T4

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP1, TP8, TP28

(RID)

Tank codes for RID tanks (RID) : LGBF
Transport category (RID) : 2
Colis express (express parcels) (RID) : CE7
Hazard identification number (RID) : 33

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
28.	Petroleum	Substances which are classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, respectively.
29.	Petroleum	Substances which are classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 3 or Appendix 4, respectively.
3(a)	Modesta BC-09 - Hi- PHPS Coating; Petroleum; Xylene; Octane; 1,1,1,3,3,3- Hexamethyldisilazane	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F

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EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
3(b)	Modesta BC-09 - Hi-PHPS Coating; Petroleum; Xylene; Octane; 1,1,1,3,3,3- Hexamethyldisilazane; solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 140°C to 220°C (284°F to 428°F).]	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10
3(c)	Modesta BC-09 - Hi- PHPS Coating; Petroleum; Octane; 1,1,1,3,3,3- Hexamethyldisilazane	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1
40.	Petroleum ; Xylene ; Octane ; 1,1,1,3,3,3- Hexamethyldisilazane	Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or not.

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (2024/590)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 2024/590 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BLV	Biological limit value	
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC-No.	European Community number	
EC50	Median effective concentration	
EN	European Standard	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Median lethal concentration	
LD50	Median lethal dose	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)	
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number	
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3	
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H340	May cause genetic defects (oral).	
H350	May cause cancer (oral).	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.